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MEETING OF THE DELTA STEWARDSHIP COUNCIL

HELD AT THE RAMADA INN & SUITES

1250 HALYARD DRIVE

WEST SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA 95691

THURSDAY, JANUARY 24, 2013

9:32 A.M.

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REPORTED BY: JILLIAN M. BASSETT, CSR No. 13619

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BE IT REMEMBERED, that on Thursday,

January 24, 2013, commencing at the hour of 9:32 a.m., at
the Ramada Inn & Suites, 1250 Halyard Drive,

West Sacramento, California before me, JILLIAN M. BASSETT,
a Certified Shorthand Reporter in and for the county of
Sacramento, state of California, was present and recorded
verbatim the following proceedings:

P R O C E E D I N G S

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MR. ISENBERG: All right. Ladies and gentlemen,
Delta Stewardship County Council is called to order.

Notice the absence of the quorum. We'll establish quorum
Supervisor Nottoli told me he had a separate meeting this
morning and he would be a bit late, and we expect him to
arrive shortly.

Just for your information, I did a count. I think this is the 91st day of meetings since we started in April 2010. It seems like the 476th day of meetings instead. But this is at least the 91st day of full meetings.

The agenda for those of you who picked up a copy outside is unique in the sense that the first block of time, from 9:30 this morning till 11:30, is designated as a hearing to receive public comments on the proposed

rulemaking package.

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A week ago -- was at the 11th or the 14th, I guess, of this month we held a separate, in additional, hearing suggested by Supervisor Nottoli to receive at this time comments of individuals who were either unable to be here or did not plan on submitting written comments. And three members of the Council were there. We conducted the hearing, and I believe the web broadcast of that is posted on the Web site already.

This is the final time for hearing comments at the end of the noted session. And as required by law, this hearing includes a court reporter who is sitting to your left, if you're in the audience, who does a transcript of this part of the hearing.

We record all of our meetings and we simulcast almost all of them. And we then post a copy of the meetings on our Web site. So if any of you are interested in referencing past meetings of the Council or agenda items that were discussed, then you can find the full block of information and videos available on our Web site. Because this is a legally required hearing and focused at a specific issue, the rulemaking procedure, we are going to start off with our Executive Director describing the comments, the rules, the requirements of law and so on.

And what I'm going to ask the audience to do,

over on the table to your left, the two ladies sitting at the end have blue forms. And these are speaker forms if you wish to speak. Many of you have submitted some already. And I've noticed since many of you have been here before to other meetings, you did it the right way. You printed your name so we can get the spelling correct. That is really important. You identified the organization you are speaking for, if there's an organization.

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And what is uniquely important for us at these hearings, some people have identified the subject matter they wish to discuss in general terms. That's very helpful to us. So any other persons who have not completed the forms, if you would go grab a blue form, fill it out and give it back to the ladies, we are taking you in which the order the blue form was submitted.

Mr. Chris Knopp, our Executive Director will describe the first part of the meeting to us.

MR. KNOPP: Good morning, everyone. And thank you so much for coming today. It's great to see a crowd like this. I wish we had this many people at each Council meeting.

Today is -- for the record I have to read in a few things here, because this is an organized meeting and we're -- as Phil had mentioned, we're recording this.

So for the record it's 9:30 on

January 24th, 2013. We're at the Ramada Inn at 1250 Halyard Drive in West Sacramento. And the purpose of today's hearing is to receive testimony on the Delta Plan Draft Rule Making Package. Notice of which has been previously published and sent by mail to interested parties pursuant to the California Administrative Procedures Act. This follows a 45-day written comment period required by the Administrative Procedures Act. And comments closed on January 14th. On January 11th the Council held a meeting, as was previously mentioned, to hear comments on the Recirculated Draft EIR and the Delta Plan.

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So the purpose of today's meeting, though, is to receive public testimony. Witnesses presenting testimony won't be sworn in, nor will the Council engage speakers in any kind of discussion or debate or cross-examination of any witness. We'll take, under submission, all written and oral statements submitted or made during the hearing, and we'll respond to those comments in writing in the final statement of reasons.

If you wish to provide testimony, as our chairman mentioned, please fill out a blue speaker card. We'll take you in the order that those cards were received.

We'll also receive written comments; however, until

5:00 p.m. close of business today either as long as we're

here today or at our office at 980 9th Street in Sacramento.

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One other point, we've got a lot of folks here today. And we ask that you be respectful of other folks in the audience and take your comment period there and make it as short as you can, but give us the information that you need to give us. If someone else has already made a comment that you agree with, please don't repeat that comment. Just go ahead and say you agree with it and go forward. In the case that someone's taking extra time, I do reserve the right to cut you off so that we get a chance to hear from everybody.

Finally, when you come up to speak, there's a few protocol items. Please state your name clearly and the topic that you want to talk about. And then we'll get going. And I think we're ready to begin.

MR. ISENBERG: Okay. Thank you very much.

Alright. Ladies and gentlemen, in the order in which I've received submission, the first speaker is

Jan McCleery from the Save the California Delta Alliance,
and the note is Disco Bay. For those of you who don't

recognize it, it's Discovery Bay, the community of

Discovery Bay as well.

After her will be Mr. DiCroce from the Environmental Water Caucus.

Ms. McCleery?

JAN McCLEERY

SAVE THE CALIFORNIA DELTA ALLIANCE

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MS. McCLEERY: Chairman Isenberg and members of the Council, thank you for giving me the opportunity to meet with you today concerning the rulemaking policies related to the Delta Plan.

My name is Jan McCleery, and I'm here today as the President of Save the California Delta Alliance, STCDA, a Grass Roots organization based in Discovery Bay, but representing a wider membership of Delta and Bay Area concerned citizens. Some of who you see here who came to demonstrate our concerns, the group here.

Can I move this up a little?

But also as a Discovery Bay resident, moving there after 35 years of working in Silicon Valley as a software engineer. So first I'd like to give a little prospective as a Discovery Bay citizen; although our overall concerns are Delta-wide.

During the 35 years in Silicon Valley our family spent most of the summer weekends on the Delta skiing, anchoring out, and enjoying the peace birds and warm weather. Naturally we wanted to retire where we most

enjoyed being. And our kids come and visit us often because they love it there, too.

So I applaud the plan for recognizing the Delta as a place, and as voting it being an important aspect of the Delta. But I was surprised the only mention of the Discovery Bay as a place was in a list of towns on page 182, discussing where the population was increasing in the Delta. And I believe it warrants some additional recognition and specific protections in the plan.

So Discovery Bay is a unique community of 3,500 waterfront homes -- pass that over. Waterfront properties guarder a higher home value. And the typical lot size is only 60 by 120. So the backyard is the deck over the levee rip-rap.

MR. ISENBERG: Ms. McCleery, let me just pause for a moment. For people who are wondering what's on this photograph of Discovery Bay, we don't have any ability to project it for the simulcast, but we will post submitted documents that you give to us later on our Web site if people want to go back and look at it.

MS. McCLEERY: Thank you.

So the dock of the ramp, and there's no room for a swimming pool. The Delta is our swimming pool.

In the summers you'll see the docks full of families. Kids and grand kids swimming, dogs chasing

balls, people going by on paddle boards and kayaks. The ski boats head out in the early morning to get the smooth water in the near by sloughs. And the big boats head out for a weekend anchored out at a local anchorage or at one of the Delta marinas or beyond to Stockton, to Sacramento, up the Napa River, up the Petaluma Slough, all the way down to the Downtown Harbor. Or for a weekend on the San Francisco's China Basin right next to the Giants' ball park or out the Golden Gate and beyond.

The Discovery Bay Town Center is probably the wide channel near the Marina where we hold our yearly paddles for fame. One more picture. Where we've twice set the Guinness Book of World Records for the most non-motorized vehicles together at the same time. And right next to that at the top of that picture is the Marina Grain. That's probably our main street. That's where all our community events occur and everything happens.

In addition, in the summer, additional people from the other Delta or Bay Area communities launch boats at the launch ramp or keep boats full time stored in the Marina. Hundreds of large boats and a shed full of ski and fishing boats stacked seven high. Those people all come to Discovery Bay, they visit the Marina Board Walk Shops, eat at the Boardwalk Grill or visit the Discovery

Bay Yacht Club. There are big cat poker rooms, bass fishing derbies, held between the various Delta communities bringing people from all over the various Delta towns. Even if people do not live on the water, the economic basis and center of the community is the Marina boating and the water. That's our concerns.

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We are not in the main flow of the Sacramento River. We are far south right above the pumps. Due to its low flow, the San Joaquin River already contains extensive salts and chemicals leached out from Westlands Farms. If the millions of gallons of water that now flow down through our community, particularly the cleaner Sacramento River water that we now receive, is diverted around or under us, it's hard to see how we will not be negatively impacted. If salt water intrudes, will our backyards be brackish and stagnant water?

Many communities -- of course Delta -- Discovery
Bay is not alone in the reliance on fresh water Delta.

Many communities rely on the Delta for their economies.

The surrounding Delta farms, some of the most fertile land in the world, depend on fresh water. We are far in the south, since we feel more risk, although the environmental concerns are echoed by our members throughout Northern

California. We are concerned with the lack of restrictions on exports on the flow in the plans.

My second point is about boating. Boating was included in the plan, but there's no specific requirements or restrictions called out to protect boating. In August of 2009 my husband and I were anchored out at our favorite Mildred Island Anchorage, and two bass fishermen came up and handed us a flyer about the Two Gates Fish Protection Project. To install two gates within three months in the two main channels block key boating waterways. We didn't think that was legal.

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There is one channel -- one of the main channels that has a railroad trestle, which is the only link

Discovery Bay boaters have through the Delta and Bay. But it has two redundant bridges on it to meet navigation requirements. The primary bridge cannot be shut down for maintenance, according to U.S. Coast Guard Requirements, unless the alternate bridge is operational 24 by 7. The gates have no operational requirements. Plus, we didn't see how gates blocking the migrating fish would protect them. In response to the threat of the Two-Gates Project, the STCDA was quickly formed and 2000 comment cards were collected and hand delivered to the USBR.

The CalFed Independent Science Team reviewed the project and concurred there was no science behind their function. The gates could kill smelt instead of protect them. The application for permit was withdrawn, yet up to

14 gates have been proposed by the BDCP in various locations labeled as salinity gates which would impact boaters.

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We believe the Delta Plan has taken a key step identifying boating as important, but believe this conclusion should be backed up by requirements to maintain navigation rights as guaranteed by the Rivers and Harbor Act and to protect the rights of all boaters to navigate freely throughout the Delta.

Our home values depend on us being able to continue to navigate the rest of the Delta and beyond. The right of others to come to Discovery Bay by boat to support our economy is also a vital importance to us. Boaters come from all over Northern California to this unique area, which is best explored and enjoyed from the waterways. The construction of multiple gates throughout the Delta is contrary to preserving the Delta as a place, and in fact would destroy it's unique quality as a boating wonderland.

MR. ISENBERG: Okay.

MS. McCLEERY: Lastly, Save the California Delta Alliance submitted a formal set of comments in response to the notice of proposed rulemaking Delta Plan. As detailed in that document, we respectfully request that revisions be made to the regulations. To look ahead and prepare for

the time when the BDCP will come before the Council. One area where the Council will be hard pressed to review the BDCP with the current state of the Delta Plan is alternative. Various alternatives have been proposed, including Dr. Pike's concept for a new intake at Sherman Island, or restructuring the current location with state of the art fish screens. Or better still, options which avoid removing additional water from the Delta by leveraging the million-acre feed of water now diverted into the flood control structures on the Sacramento River north of the proposed point of diversion. Water which never flows through the Delta or south, the Two Layer Lake Basin Restoration Proposals or desalinization to improve regional self-sufficiency.

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We understand the position the Council has taken concerning the BDCP. But the BDCP is focused on only one alternative, exporting more water from the Delta than is currently exported. Which will increase salinity and deteriorate our water quality. We think that the Council can and should evaluate the merits and the feasibility of the various option.

We need a bigger picture approach to the Delta Plan. Our home value depends on it; our economy depends on it; our community depends on it.

Thank you for your consideration.

1 MR. ISENBERG: Thank you very much. We have a 2 quorum present. For purposes of the record, let us 3 establish a quorum starting with Mr. Johnston. MR. JOHNSTON: 4 Here. 5 MR. ISENBERG: Ms. Gray? 6 MS. GRAY: Here. 7 MR. FLORINI: Florini is here. 8 MR. ISENBERG: Isenberg here. Quorum is present. Mr. DiCroce from Environmental Water Caucus. 10 11 NICK DICROCE 12 ENVIRONMENT WATER CAUCUS 13 14 MR. ISENBERG: Good day, sir. Good to see you 15 again. 16 MR. DICROCE: Good morning. My name is 17 Nick DiCroce with the Environmental Water Caucus, which 18 I'm going to refer to as the EWC from this point on. 19 My purpose to be here is to provide some comments 20 on the rulemaking package. Comments which expand and 21 amplify what we have previously submitted. 22 The EWC's overall critique of the Delta Plan 23 process is that it still lacks three critical, analytical 24 components; a water supply analysis, a cost benefit 2.5 analysis, and a public trust analysis. And along similar

lines, the EWC also has deep concerns with your CEQA treatment, as you'll hear in my comments in a moment.

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The EWC provided extensive written comments on the proposed regulation, which can be found on page 102 of our January 14th comprehensive comments, which were also submitted. And also, I'm submitting a separate document today that reflects these comments which I've already given to Angela over there.

To summarize, EWC believes that the proposed regulation does not satisfy the mandate to carry out a legally enforceable Delta Plan that protects the coequal goals as set forth in the Delta Reform Act. Indeed the proposed regulation excludes actions that should be classified as covered actions, and includes policies that fall outside the regulations enabling statute.

First of all, the covered actions are defined too narrowly. Under the definition of Section 5001, significant impacts is inappropriately defined as a change in baseline conditions. Rather than based on so-called baseline conditions, the definition we feel should be revised so that significant impact is measured as an absolute value. Without this change, there will be a large cross-section of actions with impacts on the coequal goals, which will be improperly excluded from covered actions under the Delta Plan.

Sections 5002 and 5003, exceed the statutory authority provided by the Delta Reform Act. The Delta Plan's coequal goals include economic and cultural values not contemplated by CEQA. Yet the draft regulations adopts the same exemption criteria as CEQA, but without CEQA's statutory basis for those exemptions. And impermissible conflating of the two statutes. CEQA exemption criteria may not be adopted by the proposed regulation without statutory authority, which it lacks. Likewise, statutory basis for the emergency exemption, 503, B2B is not contained in the Delta Reform Act, and therefore should be no emergency exemption for compliance with the Delta Plan without adequate statutory authority.

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Exclusion of temporary water transfers,

Section 5003, B2C. It is not stated why these transfers are excluded, as they would otherwise be covered actions under the Delta Plan. As we all know, temporary transfers can be very large, can reoccur for consecutive years, giving them the impact of a permanent transfer. This exemption for temporary transfers exceeds the statutory authority for the Delta Plan and should be removed.

Reduced reliance on the Delta, Section 5005, throughout the proposed regulation, but particularly in regard to reducing reliance on the Delta, a lack of

measurable results, meaningful performance measures undermine the legitimacy of consistency determinations within the Delta Plan. Without quantifiable assessments in the consistency determination, the plan will not be legally enforceable. If the project does not make a quantifiable improvement in achieving the coequal goals, then it should not receive a consistency determination.

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Violations of CEQA and Public Trust Documents,

Section 5005 E. The regulation including calling for
improved Delta conveyance and operations and optimized

versions in what years cannot be lawfully adopted, because
there has been a failure to comply with CEQA for all the
reasons set forth in our comments pertaining to the
recirculated PEIR.

The regulation calling for improved -- meaning new conveyance -- also cannot be lawfully documented because there has been failure to perform the cost benefit, and the public trusts analysis to ensure protection of the Delta.

Separately, because the Delta Stewardship Council is a trustee agency, the proposed regulation must require the Council to consider whether a covered action is consistent with the Public Trust Doctrine, and make a consistency determination on that basis. The Council must make a consistency determination that is administerial

duty, which the Delta Stewardship Council must fulfill when judging a covered action.

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The proposed regulations failure to include a Public Trust's consistency determination as a component of judging a covered action violates the Public Trust Doctrine and associated Case Law on its face.

Updated flow objectives, Section 5007. The Delta Reform Act does not require that the Delta Stewardship Council direct, manage, or provide guidance to the State Water Board setting of Delta flow requirements. Rather the Delta Reform Act requires the State Water Board update the Delta flow objective consistent with the Public Trust Doctrine based on recommendations from the Department of Fish and Wildlife, which is part of State Water Code.

To emphasize the point, the Delta Reform Act clearly states that nothing in this division expands or otherwise alters the State Water Board's existing authority to regulate the diversion and use of water. And furthermore, the act does not affect the Public Trust Doctrine. As a result, the Council has no authority to propose a regulation that guides or places any condition on the State Water Board setting of Delta flow requirements. Instead, the State Water Board is required to submit its flow criteria determination pursuant to this section to the Council.

Further, to the extent of this section of the proposed regulation purports to set out criteria to determine whether the Board's Delta flow requirements are consistent with the regulatory policies of the Delta Plan. It is plainly contrary to the scope of the act. This section exceeds the scope of the enabling statute and should be removed.

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And finally, and perhaps most critically, the Delta Reform Act does not allow the Water Board to set Delta flows that are necessary to achieve the coequal goals. As stated in Section 5007, rather the Delta Reform Act and judicial precedent require the Board to set such goals consistent with the Public Trust Doctrine and the coequal goals are not synonymous with the protection of Public Trust resource.

As written, this section perverts the expressed language of the Delta Reform Act regarding the Board's duty to abide by the Public Trust Doctrine when setting Delta flows, and should either be removed or modified.

Thank you very much for letting us present our contrary comments. And I've given a copy of those as I mentioned to Angela.

MR. ISENBERG: Thank you very much.

The next speaker is Mr. Roger DiFate, if I pronounced that correctly from Discovery Bay. And after

Mr. DiFate, Mr. Bob Wright with Friends of The River.

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MR. ISENBERG: Did I get your name almost right?

ROGER DIFATE

6 MR. DIFATE: No.

MR. ISENBERG: Well, sorry about that. My apologies.

MR. DIFATE: My name is Roger DiFate, and I live in Discovery Bay. This is an important meeting for me and to the people that have come here to address you. This is an extremely serious situation for us, especially in Discovery Bay.

One of the things I'd like you to understand is our homes are built on the water. We require title flow to move the water in our sloughs and our bays. Without that title flow or interruption of that title flow, what we have is a stagnant community. Now, could you imagine the water -- I mean, it's not pumped around. As the tide moves up and the tide moves down, that water moves within our estuary. So the fish, the boating, the swimming, everything is extremely important to us. Every time water is diverted and moved around, we are -- a stagnant condition in our community is affected.

So that will give you a grasp of the intensity of

the homeowners and the people that live on the Delta,
Bethel Island, and the waterfront communities that you're
going to affect our outcome. Our children, our
grandchildren all grow up with this environment that we
live in. It's a very pristine, beautiful setting. That's
why we live there. We pay extra in our taxes and in our
community development to live in that pristine
environment.

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As a result of that, maybe we have more emotional effects about the Delta. Because a large majority of us are boaters, fishermen, outdoorsmen. And we get out to the Delta, and we boat in the Delta and we live in the Delta.

I'm an avid fisherman. So I fish three days a week. If any of you need a first-class view of the Delta, give me a call. I'll take you out and show you some things on the Delta that would be important to you.

So water management and water flow are dramatically important to us. And I'm sure to you. But one of the things in reading your document I did not see was some alternatives. Alternatives that will help the estuary and the community. An example of this is on the Saint Lawrence Seaway, connecting New York and Canada are 32 hydroelectric generators. Thirty-two that run twenty-four hours a day and locks adjacent to those that

transport oceangoing shipping through the Saint Lawrence Seaway. I don't see anything of that nature on your agenda or on your schedule.

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Where are the alternatives for our brilliant minds in technology in California? We have people in California that are brilliant. I don't see that in the documents I read with you. And maybe that's because there's not enough local involvement in your committees. Because we have brilliant people. Brilliant people waiting to help you. If that document is representative of where we are going in California with our water management, we are doomed. Get rid of those people and hire some new people with some new ideas. Give us some really good alternatives. Because we need them, and the people of California and the GMP of the community and those farmers need that water. And they need to protect the environment in which we live in.

Gentlemen, ladies, this Stewardship panel has a trust. And we, the people of California, are intrusting to you not only a special gift, but you have a moral obligation to use the best science possible. Don't be influenced by the Enrons and NWDs of this world. They're opportunists looking for water and selling water. We cannot afford to look only at that agenda. We need the best science possible.

Are we all shaking our heads yes? We all agree? The best science possible? Because going forward, the communities and the people and the water distributors all have to live together on this earth.

Thank you very much.

MR. ISENBERG: Thank you, sir.

Mr. Wright, Bob Wright, Friends of the River.

And after that, Mr. Doug Wallace from East Bay MUD.

BOB WRIGHT

FRIENDS OF THE RIVER AND ENVIRONMENTAL WATER CAUCUS

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MR. ISENBERG: Mr. Wright, good to see you again, sir.

MR. WRIGHT: Good morning, again, Mr. Chairman and Council members.

I'm making my comments on behalf of Environmental Water Caucus and Friends of the River. And I don't want to repeat anything we've said before, either written comments -- oral comments a couple of weeks ago or in the various written water comment letters. But just by way of summary and introduction to what I think is a rather important proposal, we're going to present to you today about several proposed amendments to your regulations.

Just to set the stage for that, we've talked in

the past about how --

MR. ISENBERG: Sir, these are in addition to comments you made at the last hearing?

MR. WRIGHT: Yes. Absolutely.

MR. ISENBERG: Okay. New things. All right.

MR. WRIGHT: That we've talked in the past about how their admitted water quality and endangered species impacts that would result from the Delta Plan and regulations, and how the plan and your past environmental documents themselves really contained admissions of work that needed to be done to assess environmental issues that hasn't been done.

So with that said, from our perspective it's always best to talk and negotiate before fighting. And particularly appropriate with future secretary of state John Kerry talking about those kinds of things this morning back in Washington.

And from our prospective, we really don't know if it's actually the intention of the Council to plan for, recommend, encourage, call for new conveyance optimizing diversions of the massive new upstream conveyance from the Delta in the form of the Delta tunnels that the exporters want. Because we recognize that it's possible, that given in your own draft EIR, you are anticipated and set forth, you're expecting the BDCP plan and EIR/EIS with all the

information that would presumably contain, to be out in mid 2012. And that didn't happen. That perhaps the Council doesn't really have the intention to, at this point in time, start us down the course of massive new conveyance upstream from the Delta.

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There's something new that we've not sited to you before at all. And it's in your rulemaking package. It's your own initial statement of reasons. Particularly as pertaining to regulations Section 5007. And at pages 5 through 6 of that document, your statement of reasons talks about the best available science suggests that the currently required flow objectives within and out of the Delta are insufficient to protect the Delta ecosystem.

There is more that it says, including to summarize briefly, the ideas for the State Water Resources Control Board do an established and accelerated process to determine in-stream flow needs for the Delta for the purposes of facilitating the planning decisions that are required to achieve the objectives of the Delta Plan.

And what we say to you about that is those statements we agree with. They appear to be clearer and indisputable. And that being the case, it would be directly contrary to those statements to proceed now to make planning decisions calling for or facilitating new upstream conveyance for the exporters, because your own

statement of reasons indicates that it's necessary at first for the Water Board to make their determinations for those type of planning decisions to be made.

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And so what we've done is prepared a very short letter. The signature is on the fourth page. But to be fair, it's a two-and-a-half to three-page letter. And one page consists of just several amendments we proposed to you to Section 5007 of your regulations that you're considering today.

We suggest keeping, as you've drafted them, subjections A and B. We propose you delete subsections C and D and adopt new subsections C and D that we propose in exact regulatory language for you. And basically they indicate that there's a statement in your regulations that your plan and regulations in fact do not call for new conveyance, do not plan for that, and that anything anywhere else in the regulations or Delta Plan contrary to that would be controlled by new subsections C and D.

In addition, a couple of brief almost one-line changes to your general definitions in Section 5001, subjection E1A and E1C to make clear that in your definitional sections you're not making a planning decision calling for new conveyance. And we as Friends of the River would invite the Council through your legal Council or your Executive Officer to communicate with me

or Mr. DiCroce if you have any interest in pursuing either 1 2 our amendments or possibly amending our proposed 3 amendments. We have set it out for you, and I will put this letter into the record with Angela. 5 MR. ISENBERG: Okay. If you could give her the 6 letter as soon as you're through, we'd appreciate it. 7 MR. WRIGHT: And unless there are any questions, 8 I am through. And I appreciate your time. MR. ISENBERG: Mr. Wright, thank you very much. 10 Mr. Doug Wallace from East Bay MUD. And after 11 Mr. Wallace is Mr. Jim Hall from Discovery Bay. 12 Mr. Wallace? 13 14 DOUG WALLACE 15 EAST BAY MUD 16 17 MR. WALLACE: Good morning, Mr. Chairman and members of the Council. My name is Doug Wallace. I'm 18 representing East Bay MUD today and every day. 19 For the duration of our involvement with Delta 20 21 Council we have strived to assist you in providing 22 constructive feedback in order to advance the plan, not to 23 change your direction or rethink the statute. We did submit a comment letter nine pages long 24

last week. I'd like to curry your favor today by not

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reading it.

MR. ISENBERG: Thank you.

MR. WALLACE: You're welcome. But I will summarize, because there are important points that I would like to highlight for you.

There are two perspectives we come with. One is our experience with the Office of Administrative Law and what they normally look for in a regulatory package.

And secondly, of course, as a potentially regulated party, we're looking at these regulations and seeing some structural problems. And I will try to summarize. The bases that we've reviewed these regulations on was looking at the criteria in the Administrative Procedures Act. Several of them, including necessity, non-duplication, consistency and clarity. And we look through these regulations and see quite a bit of verbiage that is essentially not necessary. It's narrative in nature. We have a number of definitions that have policy language woven into them. And so the simplicity is missing.

And, in fact, when we really boil down within these regulations, we think you and the regulatory parties would be a lot better off if they were slimmed down significantly. They could be clarified by limiting the proposal to straightforward regulatory requirements that

you are empowered to promulgate by statute. And removing narrative statements that talk about policies of the state or items that the Council contemplates. Or discussions with what the State Board, for example, could or should do. That's a recommendation essentially that is not a regulation that you'll see in whatever section of the ranks. It's in there concerning the State Board flows and their process for amending the flow requirements.

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Definitions are very long and complex. As I said, they include actionable language. I'm going to give a couple of examples, too, of where we feel there are some regulations here that are simply not necessary. There are a number, but I want to keep my time here brief.

The improved transparency in water contracting. These provisions are already required by DWR and the Bureau. There's no evidence really provided that the compliance with those requirements is currently inadequate. So these are what we call duplicative and don't need to be in the regulations.

And secondly, another example is the Council has included a section on prioritization of state investments in Delta levees. A very critical responsibility to Council. That's not something you have to regulate yourselves. This is something you can adopt by guideline, or it's in the Delta Plan. A tremendous amount of the

regulatory language simply reiterates what's in the Delta Plan. And I think that's where that should be. Anybody who is going to be submitting a consistency determination, we should hope they read the Delta Plan. They don't need to have it reiterated and re-explained in the regulatory language.

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In our experience with OAL, this is not the kind of package -- they would be looking at this, and we will be a little surprised if they accept it the way it's written.

On a substantive level, we want to ask the Council to reconsider the inclusion of actions -- of covered actions that have a beneficial impact on achieving the coequal goals. I've heard the explanation for this from staff. I understand it. But overall the concern is, if you look at the near-term actions, they unfortunately have become sometime-maybe actions. There are already so many obstacles in the way of achieving things. We all recognize our actions that need to take place in the Delta. And including those as a covered action, submitting a consistency of determination with all the costs involved is another regulatory barrier. And so I know that's part of the Delta Plan. But we would ask you to rethink that.

So again, my closing comment is we think this

needs another shot as you look and consider all the comments that you've received from stakeholders. Look at the APA standards for the regulations and see if we can be a little simpler with them.

MR. ISENBERG: Thank you, Mr. Wallace.

MR. WALLACE: Thank you very much.

MR. ISENBERG: Thank you.

Next is Mr. Hall from Discovery Bay. And after Mr. Hall is Cindy Kao from Santa Clara Valley Water District.

Mr. Hall?

JIM HALL

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MR. HALL: Good morning, gentlemen and ladies.

My name is Jim Hall. I currently reside in Discovery Bay,

but I'm a native Californian. Grew up and was raised in

the Southern California area and have moved up into the

Northern California area in the '70s.

I think -- I'm going to try to be brief in the state of one point. But I think we all agree how unique the Sacramento Delta area is. It's the most unique -- or is the unique Delta in all the United States with its fresh water tributaries and conditions that make it much different than the Mississippi and that. And it is the

only Delta west of the Rockies. So obviously this group and all of the people here wish to see it remain in perpetuity.

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The items that I see are uniquely -- I'm uniquely able to see or been involved in, is I do own property in Southern California. Quite a bit of property in the Orange County, Los Angeles Counties, and we've had stuff in the San Bernardino counties. And we've owned these properties since the mid '70s. So we've been back and forth between the Delta and Southern California and seen some of the issues that we're dealing with.

And one of the things that I've noticed since the mid '70s, we have never seen a concerted effort in the Southern California areas to conserve water. When I came up from Southern California and seeing people having to water every other day, their lawns went brown, and people were very interested in conserving water and dealing with those issues.

This has never really caught on in the Southern California area, which is going to be the end -- one of the end major users of the water that we're diverting from the Delta. I think along with what Roger has said before me about technology -- well, it does not appear as if anybody is looking at trying to control the consumption at that point, which would reduce the need to

pump further water from the Delta. I don't know how this district or this agency can work with that and work with the agencies that are trying to divert water before it gets to the Delta.

But all these are intermingled. And I don't see how you can come up with a true solution without involving all of these other issues that virtually spread the entire length of the state.

I started using the Delta when I was nine years old in 1957, and have been using it ever since. But still I am greatly concerned with the Southern California area.

And so I just want to bring that simple point about that

I am greatly concerned with the Southern California area.

And so I just want to bring that simple point about that we need to look at all aspects of water usage in California, which will ultimately come back and impact the quality of the water in the Delta.

Thank you very much.

MR. ISENBERG: Thank you very much, Mr. Hall.

The next speaker is Ms. Kao from the Santa Clara Valley Water District. And after that is Mr. Zuckerman.

Ms. Kao?

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CINDY KAO

SANTA CLARA VALLEY WATER DISTRICT

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MS. KAO: Thank you.

Cindy Kao with the Santa Clara Valley Water District.

MS. ISENBERG: Let's see if we can get a little more volume on the microphone for you because we're broadcasting this.

MS. KAO: We appreciate this opportunity to comment on the proposed rulemaking package for the Delta Plan. The Santa Clara Valley Water District is a public water agency with contracts for delivery of water supplies conveyed through the Delta by both the State Water Project and the Federal Central Valley Project. These supplies meet approximately 40 percent of Santa Clara County's average annual demands.

We supply water to a population of 1.8 million in the vibrant economy of Silicon Valley. The district has adopted water supply management strategies that will reduce reliance on imported water from the Delta, and result in meeting Santa Clara County's future water needs through water use efficiency. But, even with aggressive development of local supplies in continued emphasis on conservation, the District's imported supplies will

continue to provide essential baseline water supply to our county, reliability needed to avoid groundwater over-drafting and subsidence, meet core demands, and provide environmental enhancement in our local streams.

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We are concerned that the proposed regulation to reduce reliance on the Delta attempts to give the Council the discretion to review and judge local water management decisions outside the legally defined Delta. The Delta Reform Act does not provide the Council with this authority.

Instead of promoting efficient implementation of projects that will contribute to local and regional supply reliability, this would add another layer of potentially burdensome review that will likely impede progress as well as increase costs to the public. Agencies such as the district that have been successfully and proactively advancing local supply reliability and environment sustainability should not be subject to this process.

The proposed regulations also state that water shall not be exported from, transferred through, or used in the Delta if one or more water suppliers that would receive this water has failed to adequately contribute to reduce reliance on the Delta and improve regional self-reliance. This requirement puts at risk a water wholesaler's ability to provide water supply reliability

if one or more of its retailers is not fully compliant.

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The district is a wholesaler that provides water supply to 13 retailers over which it has no regulatory authority. Even if the district and the region as a whole comply with the policy, or even over-complies, the independent actions of a single water retailer over which the district has no control could reduce the reliability of 40 percent of Santa Clara County's water supply.

A reduction or cessation of the district's imported supplies from the Delta consistent with this proposed regulation, could result in an over-drafting of the local groundwater basin, subsidence, and reduction in emergency supplies. This is an example of how the Council's regulation of local activities could result in unintended consequences that subvert the coequal goals.

Finally the proposed regulations exempt one-year transfers from the covered-action review process only until January 1st, 2015. One-year transfers are critical for meeting the districts dry year shortfalls in supply. This is an important and vital water management tool. It's time sensitive and could be at great risk if each transfer is subject to a review process. That may take up to 150 days. This would conflict with the coequal goal of improving water supply reliability. The council should continue to exempt one-year transfers from its

covered-action review process.

There are a number of additional deficiencies in the proposed regulations as well as in the draft plan and EIR that are detailed in comment letters provided by the State Water Contractors and San Luis Delta-Mendota Water Authority and the State and Federal Contractors Water Agency on behalf of Santa Clara Water District and other water agencies. The District has also provided separate comments on the draft plan and EIR. We welcome the opportunity to work with the Delta Stewardship Council to develop more defensible regulations that would support the duel goals of ecosystem restoration and water supply reliability.

Thank you.

MR. ISENBERG: Thank you, Ms. Kao.

The next speaker is Mr. Zuckerman. And after Mr. Zuckerman, Mr. John Rubin.

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THOMAS ZUCKERMAN

CENTRAL DELTA WATER AGENCY

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MR. ISENBERG: Good morning, Tom.

MR. ZUCKERMAN: Good morning, Mr. Chairman and members of the Council. I am Tom Zuckerman, representing the Central Delta Water Agency.

My first purpose today is to verify that you've actually received the comments and are considering them from the agency that were submitted in writing. And if I can verify that, I can shorten my comments.

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MR. ISENBERG: Gentlemen, you're communicating with each other. Would you please identify letters by either a date or both of you nod or say yes at the same time that you know what you're talking about for the record?

MR. ZUCKERMAN: Mr. Ray has answered my question in the affirmative. I was referring to the documents that were forwarded within the deadline last week.

MR. ISENBERG: Good. Mr. Ray from the Delta Council staff acknowledges receipt of those documents.

Thank you.

MR. ZUCKERMAN: And my comments really are today that I think it's important that you consider those comments seriously. They make several suggestions for amendments to the regulations. They point out what we consider to be rather obvious inconsistencies between the proposed regulations and existing law. There are more or less self-cancelling provisions in your authorizing legislation and in those regulations. It talked about not being inconsistent with existing Water Rights Law in California and so forth and so on. Which render the

regulations that you're proposing to adopt somewhat ambiguous. Because, as we point out, many of them are or appear to be directly inconsistent with laws that you purport not to be interfering with. And it's important that your actions be as clear as possible.

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I think the gentleman from East Bay MUD addressed more or less the same issue. And I think you need to go back through what you're proposing to do and make -- either declare your intention to be in conflict with the laws that we've sited in our comments, or correct your regulations so that they are not.

By and large, the other general criticism I think that we are making to put it into the context of super goal and all that is you appear to be running interference for some things that you purport not to be doing directly. And that is you're creating a blocking path for both the flow regulations that you anticipate getting from State Water Resources Control Board and the environmental proposals that you anticipate getting from the BDCP.

I think both of those actions are really inappropriate here. The actions of the State Water Resources Control Board can stand on their own. The BDCP is going to have to stand on its own as well, and appears to be flailing around in that regard. So I realize it tends to make your plan or your regulations look a little

bit more complete, but I think it's inappropriate the way you've approached that.

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Finally, what I'm going to urge you to do is to step back from this process a little bit. Try to collect yourselves as to where the whole process is going. I've talked to you about near-term actions in the past. I've talked to you about loading too much of the burdens of the correction of the Delta thing on the Delta itself, on the people that live there, upon the people that work there, upon the businesses that are conducted there, and on the fish and wildlife that live there.

And really, in sum, what you're doing -- and I think others have addressed this -- you're making it more difficult for people who are trying to carry out their responsibilities in the Delta by imposing additional requirements, another level of review and so forth on it. And in particular I would refer to the many times I have sat here and talked to you about the efforts of the panel in the Delta to generate flood control projects. It really is going to be much more difficult for us to carry out those proposals under our efforts under the proposals that you are making. And I don't think that's in your best interest, in my best interest, or anybody else's best interest.

We've made remarkable progress on flood control

in the Delta. We're trying to do every day to improve that, and to put a bunch of criteria in there that would be new and would be burdensome I think is a horrible mistake at this time.

If you have any questions, I'd be happy to try to answer them. But other than that, I'm through.

MR. ISENBERG: Thank you, Mr. Zuckerman. I appreciate it.

Mr. Rubin from San Luis and Delta-Mendota Water Authority. And after Mr. Rubin, Mr. Erlewine from State Water Contractors.

Mr. Rubin?

JOHN RUBIN

SAN LUIS AND DELTA-MENDOTA WATER AUTHORITY

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MR. RUBIN: Good morning, Council members. My name is John Rubin. I'm Senior staff Council for the San Luis and Delta-Mendota Water Authority.

The San Luis Delta-Mendota Water Authority has
29 members, 27 of which contract with the United States
Bureau of Reclamation for water from the Central Valley
Project. The water that's delivered to the Water
Authority Members supports approximately 1.2 million acres
of agricultural land, 100,000 acres of wetlands, and

supports in excess of one million people in Silicon Valley.

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The Water Authority and its members value the role the legislature provided to the Council. And the Water Authority appreciates the opportunity to comment to you on the proposed regulations. The Water Authority has significant concerns with the path that the Council is taking. The Water Authority has submitted comments on the draft Delta Plan and the environmental documents, and it has also submitted approximately 25 pages of comments on your proposed regulations. And my comments today are focussed on the proposed regulations.

For the regulations proposed by an agency including the Council, the Administrative Procedure Act and regulations adopted by the Office of Administrative Law require regulations to be within the authority delegated to the agency. That the regulations are demonstrated to be necessary, clear, or unambiguous, and to be consistent.

The Water Authority explained in its written comments why the regulations proposed by the Council do not satisfy most of those criteria. Today I will not go into detail, but the detail was provided in the written comments. In the comments the Authority submitted, the Authority also raised concerns with the cost analysis that

was prepared for the proposed regulations. And that cost analysis, too, is deficient.

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I wanted to highlight one point that we did make in our comments. The analysis suggests that the regulations do not add substantive requirements beyond what is already required under existing law. That assumption is not explicitly stated or supported by citation which is a legal deficiency in and of itself. But the assumption if made would render the regulations unlawful because of the necessity requirement established by the Administrative Procedure Act and OAL's administrations.

Also, the assumption, if made, would be arbitrary. Given the expansion of the authority identified by the Water Authority in its comments and by the State Contractors in its comments.

Water Authority's hope that the Council will work with the Water Authority and its member agencies to address the concerns that I've expressed today, and that the Water Authority has expressed in writing to you.

MR. ISENBERG: Mr. Rubin, thank you very much.

Mr. Erlewine from the State Water Contractors.

And after that Ms. Meserve from the Local Agencies of the North Delta.

TERRY ERLEWINE

STATE WATER CONTRACTORS

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MR. ERLEWINE: Good morning. Terry Erlewine from State Water Contractors. We represent at State Water Contractors 27 out of the 29 water contractors that have contracts for water supply from the State Water Project. Twenty-two of our agencies are urban contractors, the other five are Ag.

Our urban water agencies have prepared urban water management plans as required. They're all on path to comply with the 20 percent by 2020 requirement. Ag water agencies in our area all have a high level of efficiency both on farm and systemwide. Our water agencies have evolved, and for the past 20 years have evolved to the strategy suggested by the Delta Plan of taking more water in wet years when it's available and taking less in dry years. Fortunately the situation we're in now is that the water in wet years is being reduced. So that's a challenge.

We've provided input to the Delta Stewardship

Council and the Delta Plan several times either directly

or through the State and Federal Contractors Water Agency

and individual members. My comments today are very brief

to supplement our written comments.

Overall, we appreciate that the Stewardship

Council has made some positive changes to the Delta Plan;
however, we do have some concerns that are continuing.

Overall we were seeing the Delta Plan as being an
opportunity to provide coordination for all the various
activities in the Delta. I think that has been replaced
to some extent by more of an emphasis on regulatory
approach. Which we don't think is very helpful. And
we're concerned that some of the regulatory actions being
taken are beyond the scope of what the Delta Stewardship
Council's authorized to do.

Our primary specific concerns, which we've talked about before, are the Water Resources Policy 1 and also the Appeals Process for the Bay Delta Conservation Plan. We believe it's not too late to make revisions that address these concerns in our comments. And thank you for the ability to comment today.

MR. ISENBERG: Mr. Erlewine, thank you very much.

The next speaker is Ms. Meserve from the Local

Agencies of the North Delta. And then Mr. Lynn Moreno from the Central Valley Flood Protection Board.

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OSHA MESERVE

LOCAL AGENCIES OF THE NORTH DELTA

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MR. ISENBERG: Ms. Meserve, good to see you again.

MS. MESERVE: Good morning. We have submitted written comments on behalf of local agencies of the North Delta, which is a collation of water districts and reclamation districts in 90,000 acres of northern and central Delta. And we will be submitting a couple of additional written comments later today.

I just want to hit on two major concern areas that we have. In looking at the regulations that are being proposed, it looks like there are some repetition with other statutory definitions, and also conflicts with existing statutory and regulatory definitions. In particular, we're concerned about duplicating definitions that are already in CEQA and they're implementing regulations, and also conflicting with those same provisions.

So like where as feasible as defined in the regulations is the same as in CEQA, significant impact is quite different and appears to have a quite lower threshold, and is quite confusing as well. Refers to a lot of other terms in CEQA that are interpreted over

40 years of Case Law baseline -- all the other things we work on in CEQA. And we've been raising this comment throughout the Delta Plan process. And I would urge Council for the district to look carefully at this issue and engage outside special council on CEQA to make sure we're not creating a lot more confusion than needs to occur with respect to these definitions and the regulations.

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We're also concerned about the definitions of flood plan and floodway, and how those conflict with other definitions in the Central Valley Flood Plan and other places in the Water Code. There is also concern that it's not clearly described what the difference between routine maintenance and substantial rehabilitation of levees would be. We want to courage levee districts to do the maintenance that would reduce risk in the Delta and increase flood protection, to the extent that what we would consider to be routine maintenance becomes covered actions and becomes subject to a lot of additional analysis. It's going to make those projects infeasible.

With respect to the cost analysis, we've submitted some detailed comments on that. And I will be getting a little bit more into that with written comments later today. But we're very concerned about the additional analysis of covered actions that our districts

might be undertaking in the future, and how that will make what are already projects that are difficult to carry out because of their cost, like levee improvement projects.

Now there will be a lot of new requirements to justify not building setback levees, which are really inappropriate in many locations in the Delta as we've described in previous comments.

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Also a lot of additional analysis to explain compliance with reduced reliance on the Delta for in-Delta water users, which as we've explained previously, in-Delta water users don't have any choice but to rely on Delta water. So we still don't agree with the policy, and then it's still got the same problem in the implementing regulation. And it would also create a lot of confusion because the rigs aren't clear that the smaller water districts, like under 25,000 acres, are clearly exempt from the water management plan requirements as in the Water Code. So, again, a clear pathway is not laid out for how the smaller districts are supposed to comply with reduced reliance provisions.

Additionally the floodplain restrictions for covered actions in the future are confusing and could lead to a lot of additional cost on what are already expensive projects. And that should be promoted.

So the cost analysis, we are concerned that it

minimizes the cost of the implementing the regulations in the Delta. And that it should be revised to more clearly reflect what the actual cost will be.

At the same time we continue to be concerned that the Delta Plan, not so much in the rigs, continues to blindly promote the BDCP and the new conveyance. Which unlike the projects that I'm talking about, levee maintenance, small water projects for in Delta water uses where land use is already extremely restricted and no growth is really allowed except with minor exceptions, the BDCP has the most potential to substantially impact implementation of the coequal goals. More so than any of the actions that local agencies would propose in the Delta. And yet the plan blindly promotes completion of it without attempting to provide any guidance to it.

So we would ask that Council rethink what it is trying to accomplish with the plan and also with the regulations. It's not clear looking at the regulatory requirements from OAL and in the Government Code that these regulations are necessary to implement the Delta Plan. And moreover, it doesn't look like the appropriate cost analysis and clarity has been provided for OAL to approve these regulations at this time.

Thank you.

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MR. ISENBERG: Thank you very much.

Mr. Marino from the Central Valley Flood

Protection Board. And after Mr. Marino, Ms. Brenda Burman

from Metropolitan Water District of Southern California.

Mr. Marino?

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LEN MARINO

CENTRAL VALLEY FLOOD PROTECTION BOARD

MR. MARINO: Good morning. I'm Len Marino. I'm Chief Engineer with the Central Valley Flood Protection Board. I'm here today to make some comments -- some real brief comments on the rulemaking process, particularly with respect to regulations under Title 23.

As you may or may not know the Central Valley Flood Protection Board also has rules and regulations under Title 23, Division 1 waters. And we had the opportunity to work collaboratively with your staff over the past week or so. We had two or three very productive meetings. And the goal of those meetings was to get some consistency between the rules that we have under Title 23 and the rules that you are proposing under Title 23. The purpose was to resolve comments -- conflicts areas, and consistency. We're all about consistency.

So we have put together about a five-page document and we shipped that over to the Delta Stewardship

Council earlier today. And I'm just here today to go over some of the highlights of that letter that we sent earlier today.

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So we tried to lay this out in the most helpful way so that you could respond to the comments and make it as productive as possible. So what we did was we took the outline of the Title 23 regulations that you have on your Web site and we made bullet comments to each section. And I'll be addressing those right now.

Under Section 5001 we added a few definitions and we proposed a few more definitions. Particularly we wanted to have a definition of the Central Valley Flood Protection Board included in there. And we also commented on the Central Valley Flood Protection Plan. The goal of which is to make the reader of your regulations aware that these other entities exist.

We also are suggesting modifying some of the definitions, including those concerning floodway, urban area and urbanizing area. We also took a stab at helping with the definition of covered action. Quite a bit of comments on that. And like I said before, we did work with your staff on that and the conversation was very helpful.

When you get down to Section 5014 there was some language in there regarding prioritization of state

investments in Delta levees and risk reduction. There was a date in there that I wanted to call to your attention that was listed as January 1st, 2015. And that was the date which the Council shall develop funding priorities for state investments in the Delta. The Central Valley Flood Protection Plan, the five-year anniversary of that plan is July 1st, 2017. The Board is suggesting that we somehow work with that date, because that was the date by which the new Central Valley Flood Protection Plan will take effect. It will be adopted by the Board prior to that. And that plan will contain elements of what you're speaking of in this section here. Which is funding priorities and funding mechanisms for levee construction and rehabilitation in the Delta.

So as I said earlier, we're all about consistency. And I wanted to bring that date to your attention. That that is probably the best date that we can promise at this point.

Getting down to Section 5016, we made some collaborative changes to the language for the definition of floodways and floodway protection. And the same way in Section 5017.

And in conclusion I wanted to thank your staff for allowing us the opportunity to work collaboratively with them in helping to improve the regulations and obtain

some kind of consistency between the regulations that the Council is proposing and the regulations that exist for the Central Valley Flood Protection Board.

Thank you very much.

MR. ISENBERG: Mr. Marino, thank you very much.

Ms. Burman from Met, and Mr. McCleery then a Discovery Bar resident.

Ms. Burman?

BRENDA BURMAN

METROPOLITAN WATER DISTRICT OF SOUTHER CALIFORNIA

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MS. BURMAN: Good morning, Mr. Chairman and members of the Council. My name is Brenda Burman. I'm with Metropolitan Water District of Southern California.

Metropolitan comments were filed by the State
Water Contractors, written comments on behalf of
Metropolitan and all of its member agencies. And we
concur with those comments.

Metropolitan delivers water through the Delta to approximately 19 million people -- over 19 million people in Southern California. And a lot of the written comments are very detailed, and we urge you to look at those. I wanted to make a few comments about the Reduced Reliance Policy, about proposed policy 5005.

Within that policy, the Council gives itself broad discretion to review and judge local water management decisions outside the legally defined Delta. It also expands State Law in calling for an implementation of urban water management plans and agricultural management plans. Something that is not currently called for in State Law. It expands State Law by calling for an ambiguous, yet-to-be-defined provision that will go into 2015 urban water management plans and agricultural water management plans in the future.

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We believe that is an expansion -- that is outside the authority that was granted the Council to act. We believe that's true from the plain language of the act. But we also have in the detailed comments from the State Water Contractors on the San Luis and Delta-Mendota Water Authority detailed comments looking at the legislative history. And that legislative history looks at previous versions of the act; it looks at quotes from the sponsors of the different provisions of the Delta Reform Act, and has quotes from those sponsors, looking at the detailed provisions of even just the reduced reliance policy. So I urge you to review those.

Outside of the authority issue, the Office of Administrative Law also calls for new regulations to be clear, to be concise, to be understandable. To not be

duplicative. I believe the Reduced Reliance Policy also fails on this. This provision -- the provision is confusing. So it starts off with a definition of success.

The definition of success is: A significant reduction of water use in the Delta, water use from the Delta, or a significant reduction in the percentage of water use.

Outside of this, I'd like to say that

Metropolitan itself has dedicated itself to this goal

before it was written by the Council. And that

Metropolitan has pledged that all future expanded

increased water demands will be met by local conservation

by recycling. It won't be met by increased use from the

Delta.

But looking at the statute itself and getting away from where Metropolitan will be, the definition says this is what you should do. But we were assured back in July -- and I believe in July it wasn't part of the policy. It was sort of lead-in language that went into the policy. Now it's part of the policy. But we were assured in July, other contractors were assured, that's not our goal here. We're not mandating reduced supply, we're not mandating reduced percentage and supply. What we're mandating are these three things. And these three things are:

You have to tell us you've done your urban or agricultural management plan if the law says you have to do one. You have to implement every part of that plan if it's feasible, if it's cost effective, if it's in your timeline. And you have to, by 2015, add a provision which we'll figure out later.

When it does that, you are saying that the definition of success is not part of what we're telling you to do right now. But when you look at the initial statement of reasons in the OAL package it says that you are mandating reductions in water use. And I think that's confusing to those of us who are looking at the policy saying, "What is it supposed to accomplish? Is it really just supposed to accomplish a lot of water reporting? A lot of reporting on successes for Metropolitan?" We could talk about billions of dollars spent on conservation and recycling and storage over the last 20 years. Some other agencies have similar stories about huge successes with recycling, with groundwater recovery, with efficiency projects. And we are not concerned with kind of our ability to show off the successes of Southern California.

But I am confused that you have a legal problem here. And that you have a legal problem with what authorities you're asserting. And you have a legal problem just with trying to tell people what they're

supposed to do. Having confusing language.

So we've worked with the Council since the beginning of this process. We will continue to work with the Council. And I thank you for your time.

MR. ISENBERG: Thank you, Ms. Burman.

The next speaker is Mr. McCleery from

Discovery Bay and then Melinda Terry from the North Delta

Water Agency and others.

Mr. McCleery?

MIKE McCLEERY

DISCOVERY BAY RESIDENT

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MR. McCLEERY: I'm Mike McCleery. I'm a resident of Discovery Bay. And I'm here to speak as a taxpayer and try to respond to what I've heard from the water agencies.

For example, the Santa Clara Water District is requesting a permanent exemption for water transfers. And what I'm saying is everybody is here, we're all being parochial if you will, protecting our own issues. And we're looking as a taxpayer. We're looking to the Delta Stewardship Council to provide an overall comprehensive plan. Since the water from the Delta provides water to substantial part of California, I think the Delta Stewardship Council here needs to look at all water users

and mandate things like conservation. I didn't see anything in the plan that mandates conservation for agriculture, for example.

I come from business environment. I'm used to an organization chart. You can see clear lines of authority and responsibility. If you look at the charts involving the water in the Delta, it is confusing at best. So what I'm hoping as a tax payer is the Delta Stewardship Council will take charge, be at the top of this organization's chart, and try to manage all of these parochial agencies and their particular requests. If we don't do that, we're going to see a big decline of Delta water quality.

Thank you.

MR. ISENBERG: Mr. McCleery, thank you very much, sir.

Ms. Terry? I saw you walk in. There you are.

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18 MELINDA TERRY

NORTH DELTA WATER AGENCY AND CALIFORNIA CENTRAL VALLEY

FLOOD CONTROL

MS. TERRY: Good morning. I'm Melinda Terry.

23 And I'm not going to repeat any of the comments. We did

submit written comments on behalf of California Central

25 | Valley Flood Control Association.

But one thing we did not comment that the land folks did, which I agree with their comments, is on the cost analysis for the proposed Delta Plan regulations. The costs that are talked about on these are quite extensive. And you're talking 5.4 million to 25 million per mile. That was for the 200-year protection. It's 300,000 per mile for the levees.

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And part of the comparison that was used in this cost analysis mentions a lot of projects. There's a whole grid on page A1. Those are all urban districts. And I think -- the concern here is I think there's a real misunderstanding about the budgets that Delta Reclamation Delta District has compared to an urban district. So the cost associated with just trying to provide the analysis to show that they can't do a setback levee for whatever reason may exist on that island is really concerning because of their budgets. You'll have the unintended consequence of them not being able to do these levee improvements, these rehabilitation and improvement projects.

So I don't think that is your intention, and of course it goes against the statutes to of course protect people from flood and protect the Delta as a place.

They also have -- and you can say, "Okay.

Melinda, they can go assess those people." There aren't a

lot of people in some of these islands. So they're assessment capacity only has a certain point. So, again, if you make these costs so prohibitive, they can't do the project. And we will see a halt to a lot of these projects.

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And I've said this before, but that's concerning, particularly right now, when we still have prop 1E money and prop 84 money that these districts can use to do some levee improvements to keep up with sea level rise and other things that are affecting the levees.

In addition, the setback is in the rags as being talked about for widening the flood plan and expanding Hyperion habitat. Those are benefits to the broader public, if you will, and not just to the island. And those are protected by those levees.

So there is a broader public good here, yet the cost burden is really being born only by those people in order to provide that greater good. In particular, the habitat improvements that could be made, a lot of the habitat that is being talked about being done is being done in order to either allow the south Delta pumps to continue to have their ESA protections. That's some of the requirements they have under their bi-ops to do additional habitat. And then the BDCP of course is an HCP. That again is to allow them to continue to have ESA

take for their south Delta pumps as well as for new north Delta pumps.

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So it wouldn't be fair and it doesn't seem appropriate for, again, a local area with their levees to them to be providing a benefit that would accrue to others outside of this area.

The other thing -- I think I'll leave it at that. But ask for you to really, really relook at what's being asked. And think if there's a different way to go about doing it so that it's not an automatic cost that will then result in the districts not doing levee improvement projects, because I know that's not your intent.

I'll leave it at that for our comments for the Central Valley Flood Protection Association. Because we already submitted written comments. And I think the other agencies submitted comments that would cover anything else we had.

But I'm going to switch my hat and now put on my North Delta Water Agency hat. And we did not submit comments on behalf of North Delta Water Agency. But I did want to at least mention that our agency does agree with the comments submitted by the Central Delta Water Agency in their January 14th, 2013 letter, regarding Section 5005 water reliance. Thank you.

MR. ISENBERG: Ms. Terry, thank you very much.

Ladies, are there any more blue slips? No more blue slips?

All right. Ladies and gentlemen, let me just ask, is there anyone in the audience who would like in addition to comment on this rulemaking procedure -- the proposed rules and the hearing today?

Is there anyone else who would like to comment?

Okay. Seeing no one else in the audience --

Oh, I'm sorry. Sir, could you come right up here and identify yourself? And before you go out of the room, if you'd be good enough to fill out one of the blue forms and turn it over to the ladies, we would appreciate it very much.

STEVEN DINGER

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MR. DINGER: Thank you. Sorry I was just listening to all the comments, and I thought that --

MR. ISENBERG: Could you give us your name first?

MR. DINGER: Yes. Steven Dinger. D-I-N-G-E-R.

I'm currently living in Discovery Bay, but have been on or near the Delta for 40 years.

A little history, we used to have saline water, brackish water at the Moth Ball Fleet. Now that's sort of a line back in the late '70s. And then it arrived in

Pittsburgh. And as we noticed it, it started going up to Sacramento towards Rio Vista, and it was also going towards Antioch. Today it's at Antioch. In fact, during the lean years of rain, we find it all the way to Bethel Island, and certainly it's pushed up the Sacramento River.

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You know, historically you look at the prospective of that's what we have today in the canals.

And in those three years of drought, we got really nailed.

That's in the habitat, the ecosystems and certainly in the quality of the water throughout the Delta. That's a reality.

I can understand why you might want to pump water. Some of the best water, by the way, that the Delta ever sees, directly down south. It makes sense for the people down south. It does. It's automatic. The quality of water is as good. But where I have a difficulty with is where the water will be better in the south than it will be here. And because of that saline solution going up the Delta, we're all going to be affected by it. And eventually I know the historical perspective is eventually you'd have to put d-cell plants down south. But the problem is if you do what you're expecting to do, then we really have trouble. Because we'll have the d-cell plants right here in our backyard. Because the salt water will

be here. And it will be very awkward to make good water out of that without doing the D cells.

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Now, why you didn't start this process down south 20, 30 years ago, I have no idea. Because there were times in the Monterey Peninsula when the droughts were happening that they were proposing having a d-cell plan right off of Monterey. So that's a historical perspective. And I just question -- it's a little like the FRAM oil filter commercial that says, "We'll get you now or we'll get you later." And the reality is that's what's happening with our water. And it saddens me because so many people rely on it.

And we have in business this idea of a product -- and certainly water is a product -- that there's a fixed cost and that there's also a variable cost. And then it arrives at a total cost analysis.

We're having trouble trying to calculate what the real cost of this project is. Because the reality of fixed cost is one thing, but we all know, especially boaters and so on, that the cost of maintaining systems of this nature could be ten, fifteen percent of the total actual cost.

So put that in perspective when you start looking at total cost. And I think you'll start to come up with the idea that maybe this isn't the solution.

And certainly there have been some excellent

speakers this morning relating the idea that we have the 1 2 technology, we have the brainpower. We need to do a 3 better job at figuring out what the real total cost is. 4 Thank you. 5 Thank you very much, Mr. Dinger. MR. ISENBERG: 6 Is there anyone else in the audience that would 7 like to speak? 8 Mr. Dinger, if you'd go over and get a blue slip, 9 we'd appreciate it. Thank you very much. 10 Okay. Seeing no other speakers I'd like to call 11 on our two Chrises over there, our legal council and our 12 Executive Officer at least to advise and remind the 13 Council again the timeline and the procedures from this 14 point. 15 Mr. Stevens? 16 MR. STEVENS: Thank you, Mr. Chair. 17 First, I just wanted to ask you to call on any speakers that had filled out the gold cards that were 18 completely satisfied with the rulemaking project. Did you 19 20 call on all those speakers? So I guess we didn't have 21 any. 22 Isn't it illegal for a lawyer to MR. ISENBERG: 23 have a sense of humor? MR. STEVENS: Well, that's very debatable whether 24 2.5 I have one.

MR. ISENBERG: Keep it under control there, Mr. Stevens.

MR. STEVENS. Okay. Well, the first thing I would like to say as having helped to put this hearing together is thank you to the Council for holding this hearing. As well as the hearing that we had previously that was suggested by -- that was a great idea. And also thank you to all the people in the audience that showed up. It's very hardening to hear the comments. I'm just a staff lawyer that's trying to do the people's business. But it is very disheartening. Especially for the people that aren't paid to be here. So thank you for coming and the good comments.

So having said that, the process going forward as of today, the close of business, the comment periods will have closed, not only on the EIR process, but also on the rulemaking process and on the Delta Plan process. So in essence, we had three processes that will ultimately be coming to a head. The ultimate vote will be by the Council adopting the Delta Plan once it's certified, the final EIR, and adopting the associated regulations. And the associated regulations are obviously the regulations that you good people commented on here.

So what do we do next? We've got a whole slew of comment letters. I think Mr. Knopp -- do you have

numbers? Mr. Knopp is going to fill us in on the numbers that we have to date. But as staff what we do now is we have to go back and review all the comment letters and prepare draft responses to the comment letters. So during the EIR process, responses to the EIR comments have to be included in what's called a final EIR. And the comments that we have received in the rulemaking package have to be responded to in what's called a final statement of reasons for the rulemaking package.

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So as staff we have to sort through all those comments, we have to prepare our suggested responses to those comments. And the plan is this: We're now at the end of January. This will take some time to sift through. And what we've told the Council is that we intend to come back to them as staff at their end of March meeting. And I believe that's March 28th -- 29th. And this will be a very important meeting. This will be a meeting where we will present, not only on the EIR, but on the rulemaking. And they'll basically be segmented.

So it will be first, what have we learned through the EIR process? You'll recall we put out an original EIR, recirculated EIR. We got a whole bunch of comments. We will inform the Council and staff what we think we learned through the EIR process with suggested changes either to the EIR or to the Delta Plan and associated

rules. We'll next move to the rulemaking package. And we'll basically say the same thing to the Council as staff. We'll say, "This is what we think we have learned through the rulemaking process." And if we have suggested changes to the rules, we'll bring those to your attention.

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Similarly with the Delta Plan process. So we've gotten comments, they're kind of crossover comments for the most part with regards to the rulemaking and Delta Plan process. But if we got comments that we think are worthy of your deliberation, further discussion, and that might necessitate changes in the Delta Plan or the rules, we'll bring those to your attention.

And at that March meeting what we'll be looking for is direction from the Council as to making any necessary changes to move the process to the final stage.

The final stage could be, and we're not there yet because we haven't gone through all the comment letters, but it looks like as staff we recommend certain changes to the rulemaking package, to the regulations themselves, that Council agrees with that and directs us to make those changes. In all likelihood that will necessitate floating those again with the public for another 15-day period and taking public comments on the revisions to the rulemaking package.

That would like -- if that were to happen, that

would likely take place April, during the April period. The ultimate goal is to have final direction from the Council, final documents that we can present to you, and the order of adoption would be to certify the final EIR ahead of taking a vote on the Delta Plan and its associated regulations.

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Once you've adopted the Delta Plan and the associated regulations, we would then take the regulatory package, ship it over to the Office of Administrative Law for its approval. And as many of the speakers have noted here and as we've talked about before, they have certain standards of review. They'll have 30 days to review the package. Ultimately those regulations will take legal effect and the covered action, consistency certification process with the potential appeals will then kick into gear.

So the next step, again, for us as staff is to sift through the pretty significant amount of comments that we've received. But really at the end of March, that will be the big meeting when we will present to the Council, again, the comments that we think rise to the level of Council, the need for Council further deliberation, discussion and final direction. And what we've got, I'll give you an example -- we've now gone through over two years of deliberations. We've heard a

lot of arguments that we're familiar with. And we'll get a lot of comments along those same lines.

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But what we anticipate as staff is bringing to you comments that rise to the level of new information or a new way of looking at things or a new approach for direction to take the process forward. So with that, I think Chris wants to give you --

MR. ISENBERG: Mr. Knopp, what can you tell us about the volume of comments so far?

MR. KNOPP: Well, the comments, we've got about 190 separate comments, and still counting. I will still expect some more today obviously. And they're broken out into letters of about 120 letters. The number of comments addressing the Delta Plan were about 580.

MR. ISENBERG: So when you say that, 580 comments contained within those hundred --

MR. KNOPP: Within those letters, yes.

The number of comments within those letters on the recirculated draft EIR were about 660. And the number of comments addressing the rulemaking package were around 380. So we expect those to change, but that gives you a pretty good idea of the breakdown.

MR. ISENBERG: Don?

MR. NOTTOLI: Question for either Chris.

But in the hearing we had a couple weeks ago

there was some additional information presented regarding the cost analysis. And there's been comments today, I trust some of the correspondence have not read all that, but to address that, what is the process for addressing questions that relate to that? And if there is a decision by staff respectfully that there needs to be additional work done, how does that bubble up into the other process? I mean, it's part of, but it's a critical piece in my view. And I believe, obviously, it's there for a reason. And I've heard some things today for previously. So where does that fit into all this?

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MR. STEVENS: That's a good question. And we presented at the previous hearing -- and it wasn't new information -- but again, we have a regulatory package obviously on the street right now. And the idea was to present some clarifying background discussion about what the document's, the regulatory, economic, physical and impact statement actually mean where the numbers were derived from, that sort of thing.

But the question that you ask has to go with revision of the regulatory process potentially -- the package potentially. So it's not only the regulations themselves, but you heard some of the speakers here today testify they had issues with some of the cost estimates or some of the methodologies. And again with regards to the

physical and economic impact analysis, that ultimately has to be signed off by the Department of Finance, the State Department of Finance before it goes over to the Office of Administrative Law.

So all of the methodologies used, all of the information there has to pass muster with Department of Finance. So again we've said that before, but let's reiterate that. When staff prepared the information, the methodologies were, at least in the professional judgment of the people that prepared it, were methodologies that are standardized, that are reasonable under the circumstances. Obviously you have to look at the circumstances. But in any event, Department of Finance is involved and will be involved.

With regard to changes, if we determine that some of the comments are worthy of bringing to your attention at the March meeting some changes that we think are necessitated in the cost pack analysis, those again would be changes just like changes to the actual regulatory language that we might say, "Yeah, there needs to be a tweak with regard to some area. The physical impact statement that we received three comment letters to this effect. We've taken a second look at that, we think that's probably the better approach." And then we would ask for your direction to go ahead and make that change.

And then that would all be bundled up in the final rule making package. It would be sent over to the Department of Finance for their sign off. And ultimately the entire package goes over to Office of Administrative Law.

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So changes can be made, not only to the physical impact statement, but to the statement of reasons, the surrounding justification. We heard comments here about the statement of reasons as well as regulatory language itself. And that may be the case.

MR. NOTTOLI: I just want to follow up -- thank you there, Chris.

I know at the January 11th hearing Dan Ray and other staff put forth some additional explanation behind some of the cost analysis, how it might apply and given circumstances. But I still have this lingering question in my mind even based on some testimony today about the application in more rural setting and items or areas that we don't have heavy population standards that might be basis for local match for doing certain levee upgrades. And the whole analysis around the 200 year and where it might apply, and whether a piece of that, whether that may interfere with the ability to actually do some of the maintenance, even though that's excluded, because of some of the implications of having to do some of those threshold workups relative to what the plan puts forward.

Again, I don't expect today -- it's a hearing for the public -- but that's one of the things that needs to be very clear, not just in the presentation on the 11th, I don't know how that documentation got transmitted beyond that hearing that day. And I brought the summary with me today. But I think that that's going to be important in the minds of a number of folks that we spoke with today and obviously long term in areas that have been more rural areas or less poplar areas in the Delta that rely just as much on the levees as do the population standards and other things that are protected by the levees.

MR. ISENBERG: Okay. Thank you.

Yes, Ms. Gray?

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MS. GRAY: Well, first I wanted to thank the public for coming today to make comments. And we certainly understand how important the plan and the process is to not only Council, but to everyone.

But I did have a question to Chris regarding the process. I know you kind of explained the fact that in March -- thank you Randy. In March it will be very important to the Council because we will look at whatever suggested recommendations that staff would make based on the comments that we would receive from the public. And you talked about new information or new approaches. So I assume what you would be looking at, anything that's

MR. STEVENS: That's in essence what we intend to do. I was going to say another important point is now that the comment period will have closed, as staff what we will endeavor to do in the next week or so is to actually post all the comment letters on the Web site so people can see what all the EIR comments are on the recirculated draft, what all the rulemaking comments are and the Delta Plan comments. And they're going to be numerous. But as you know a lot of the comments are going to be issues that we've heard before. And so what we'll try to do -- and I think that was your question -- is really get to the things that we think are new, different approaches.

MS. GRAY: Right. And I know we've heard, at the different hearings, certainly in the last week or last month, the last one, and this one it talks about duplicative information and cost analysis and clarity and so forth. If in fact there is a significant change that the Council makes at that March 28th or 29th meeting, you talked about it would require going out again for public comment; correct? And that would be a 15-day process; is that correct?

MR. STEVENS: That's right. If it's reasonably related to the regulation that you have before you. So if for instance, however, not saying this would happen, but

if you decided you wanted a regulation that wasn't related 1 2 to anything there, that would necessitate a new 45-day 3 comment period. But I'm anticipating these will be refinements if at all on the language that you have and 4 5 that you've debated now for many, many, many months. 6 MS. GRAY: Did you say 45 days or 15 days? If you decide to make changes that 7 MR. STEVENS: are reasonably related to the regulation, it would be 15 8 9 days. 10 MS. GRAY: Not 45 days? 11 MR. STEVENS: No. 12 MS. GRAY: Then after that, I quess we're trying to get within the timeline. I know that Council has 13 14 discussed a timeline for closure. Is all that part of the 15 timeline that the Council has discussed, or from staff 16 that you've given us in terms of final adoption? 17 MR. STEVENS: I believe that's correct. 18 I know there's been some talk about MS. GRAY: 19 the Council's role and authority and so forth. So all 20 those comments will come back to us in March in terms of 21 any recommended changes from staff; correct? MR. STEVENS: Yeah. And we'll talk about some of 22 23 the big issues are, I think worthy of reiterating. 24 I'm not intending here to respond to any comments. you've heard some of the testifiers, you've seen probably 2.5

some of the comment letters to date. But a lot of them go to the authority of the Council to actually adopt enforceable regulations in general and even more specific policy by policy, regulation by regulation. And I think part of our presentation on March will be as staff to engage with the Council and to take a fresh look again at the underlying enabling statute. And why this Council was established and what the legislature and the governor had intended. There were some comments here about legislative intent. But ultimately it goes pack to what Mr. Isenberg always refers to as his golden rod bible here. And it's the Delta Reform Act. So again, we'll start with the Delta Reform Act. But in essence we're going to talk about new issues, issues the staff thinks you as the Council should engage in and give us final direction to get you to the point where you need to take a vote and adopt a plan and the rules. MS. GRAY: And from that part, I quess, of the process, are we looking at two months after that in terms of potential adoption? MR. STEVENS: I think we're looking at -- was it Early May for adoption. For consideration, yeah. Mav? MS. GRAY: All right. Thank you. MR. ISENBERG: Okay. Ladies and gentlemen, let

me add my thanks to you for showing up. A large number of

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people. We appreciate you coming back and testifying many
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    times and helping us work out this production. We're
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 3
    going to stake a five-minute break before we start up on a
    regular agenda to allow the court reporter to wind up her
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    activities. Thank you very much. And the hearing on
 6
    rulemaking is adjourned.
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              (Thereupon the hearing adjourned at 11:21 a.m.)
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